

Claudio Quadrelli – University of Insubria (Italy)  
claudio.quadrelli@uninsubria.it

NETS FOR FISHING ABSOLUTE GALOIS PRO- $p$  GROUPS

**Seminar on Arithmetic Geometry and Algebraic Groups**

**Abstract.** Let  $p$  be a prime. One of the major open problems in Galois theory is the characterization of pro- $p$  groups which occur as absolute Galois groups of fields. The proof of the Norm Residue Theorem (2011) provided Galois theorists new cohomological tools for investigating this problem.

In a joint work with S. Blumer and Th.S. Weigel, we characterize absolute Galois pro- $p$  groups within the family of *oriented right-angled Artin pro- $p$  groups* (oriented pro- $p$  RAAGs for short), which is an extremely rich family of pro- $p$  groups (containing pro- $p$  completions of right-angled Artin groups): we show that pro- $p$  RAAGs occurring as absolute Galois groups are of elementary type — i.e., they may be constructed starting from free pro- $p$  groups and employing free products and certain semidirect products. This result extends a recent result of I. Snopce and P.A. Zalesskii (cf. [3]), and it provides evidence to I. Efrat's *Elementary Type Conjecture* (cf. [2]). We obtain our result employing two cohomological properties, the *Bloch-Kato property* and *1-cyclotomicity*, which happen to be equivalent for oriented pro- $p$  RAAGs (and which will be introduced during the talk), while Massey products (another tool in Galois cohomology which attracted a lot of interest in recent years) fail to detect oriented pro- $p$  RAAGs occurring as absolute Galois groups.

REFERENCES

- [1] S. Blumer, C. Quadrelli and Th.S. Weigel, Oriented right-angled Artin pro- $p$  groups and absolute Galois groups, in preparation.
- [2] I. Efrat, Orderings, valuations, and free products of Galois groups, *Sem. Structure Algébriques Ordonnées*, Univ. Paris VII (1995).
- [3] I. Snopce and P.A. Zalesskii, Right-angled Artin pro- $p$  groups, *Bull. London. Math. Soc.*, to appear, available at [arXiv:2005.01685](https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.01685).